Internal whistleblowing procedure in company Mobis Slovakia s.r.o.



Legal basis	Act No. 54/2019 Coll. on whistle-blower's protection (so called "Whistleblowing Act")
Internal MSK Regulation	Regulation No. MSK-LT-05 on Internal Whistleblowing System, available at Controlled Documentation
Responsible persons	 Members of Legal & Compliance team responsible for investigating of notices Paulina Maruskova, tel.: 041/515 8152, paulina.maruskova@mobis.com Petra Cickanova, tel.: 041/515 8157, petra.cickanova@mobis.com Michal Papula, tel.: 041/515 8550, michal.papula@mobis.com
Submitting of notices	 Non-anonymous contains whistle-blower 's name, surname and work position responsible person is obliged to maintain confidentiality about whistle-blower 's identity Anonymous
Procedures for notice 's submitting	Whistleblowing notice can be submitted to the employer (MSK) or to competent authority for notice acceptance, which is: > Whistleblower Protection Office: https://www.oznamovatelia.sk/chcem-oznamit/ > Public prosecutor > Administrative and Inspection Body > Competent institution, authority, office or agency of the European Union
Ways of notice 's submitting to MSK	 Verbally to responsible person, who prepares written record about verbal notice In writing, by post addressed to one of the responsible persons to Mobis Slovakia s.r.o., MOBIS ulica 1, 013 02 Gbel'any By email to oznamenie.msk@mobis.com By webpage form available at website https://mobis.sk/podat-oznamenie/ Result of the investigation + corrective actions → notice to the whistle-blower within 90 days from confirming notice receipt



Whistle-blower protection

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	Protection of the protected whistle-blower	 If the employee notifies serious anti-social activity and submits qualified notice → status of protected whistle-blower (granted by prosecutor / administrative body upon request submitted along with the notice / during the proceedings) Qualified notice – one which could contribute / have already contributed to revelation of serious anti-social activity and punishing of its perpetrator Employment act (other than employment act which grants rights or which is related to the termination of employment relationship due to reason independent from the employer 's assessment) towards protected whistle-blower → only with consent of whistle-blower or of Whistle-blower 's protection Office Act without the consent → automatic invalidity + possibility of penalty to employer
	Protection of the whistle-	 Notifies serious anti-social activity but does not sumbit qualified notice Notifies less serious anti-social activity Employee – whistle-blower, who assumes that employer 's act towards him/her was issued only due to submitted notice (warning letter, termination notice) and whistle-blower doesn 't agree with this act, requests protection by Whistleblower Protection Office within 15 days after delivery of employment act to employee
	blower in other	 If connection between employer 's act and the notice is identified and employer does not

cases

- er was issued whistle-blower fice within 15
- prove absence of such connection Whistleblower Protection Office suspends respective employment 's act effectiveness for 30 days
- The employee must seek invalidity employment act via court proceedings (in interim injuction proceedings – right for free legal aid) within this period – ineffectiveness of employment act prolongs until court's decision on interim injuction comes into effect